## **REMARKS**

The Examiner is thanked for the careful examination of the application.

However, in view of the remarks that follow, the Examiner is respectfully requested to reconsider and withdraw the outstanding rejections. The independent claims have now been amended to clarify that the target pixel and the at least one related pixel are selected based on different conditions.

## **Art Rejections:**

Claims 1, 2, 6 - 8, 12, and 22 - 24 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being allegedly anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,766,056, hereinafter *Huang*.

One of the objects of the present invention is to provide an *efficient* method for determining whether or not an image has a specified pattern. In one embodiment, the present invention achieves these goals by selecting a target pixel and selecting at least one related pixel which satisfies a stored first condition and a stored second condition relative to the selected target pixel, and then binarizing the target pixel based upon a color data of the target pixel and that of the at least one related pixel to the target pixel in the image to generate a binarized value. As can be seen in Figures 5 and 6, a target pixel and pixels satisfying certain specified conditions are illustrated. Only the target pixel and other related pixels satisfying certain conditions are used as the basis for the color data when binarizing the target pixel.

In order to minimize the number of related pixels selected, the present invention includes a storage unit for storing a first condition that defines an absolute

position of pixels in the original image data and a second condition with regard to a position of pixels data relative to a target pixel in the original image data, and selects at least one related pixel which satisfies the stored first condition and the stored second condition relative to the selected target pixel.

In the previous response, Applicant argued that the threshold determining unit 45 operates on the original input image data before it is sub-sampled, and does not operate on sub-sampled image data. Applicant's remarks from the previous response are incorporated herein by reference.

However, the Examiner interprets Huang such that all of the pixels 0-7 in FIG. 5 are ultimately sent to the thresholding binary buffer 43, and that therefore, the illustrated pixels 0-7, including the lag pixels 4-7, have already been subsampled. In particular, the Examiner bases this conclusion primarily on the statement that "Upon processing current pixel (pixel labelled 0) the pixel is sent to the thresholding binary buffer 43." Column 7, lines 2-4. However, as acknowledged by the Examiner, Huang is not clear on the point. Huang never states whether or not all of the pixels 0-7 that enter the pixel buffer pipe 42 become a "current pixel" and are therefore sent to the thresholding binary buffer 43.

Huang does state that "pixels labelled 1 to 7 are yet to be processed as the current pixel". However, Huang does not state whether or not all of the pixels 1 to 7 that enter the pixel buffer pipe 42 eventually become current pixels.

Furthermore, the Examiner's position is directly inconsistent with the *Huang* statement: "Turning to FIG. 5 there is shown a representation of a plurality of consecutive pixels 55, of a *current* scanline of the *input image data* 21, temporarily

stored in the pixel buffer pipe 42." If FIG. 5 represented sub-sampled data, it could not be referred to properly as a *current* scanline of the *input image data*.

Nevertheless, even if the Examiner's position was correct, the independent claims still distinguish over the Examiner's interpretation. For example, the first and second conditions are defined to show that the conditions relate to the *original image data*. According to the Examiner's interpretation, the alleged second condition of *Huang* is based on the sub-sampled data, and not on the original image data. If, as stated by the Examiner, the pixels in the pixel buffer pipe 42 are already subsampled, then the second condition cannot be met because the relative position of the lag pixels would be based on sub-sampled data, *not on the original image data*. If the data in the pixel buffer pipe is not sub-sampled, then different arguments may apply. See, for example, the new amendments set forth above and discussed below.

Since the lag pixels in *Huang* do not meet both the first and second conditions, *Huang* does not teach claim 1, which requires a selector for selecting a target pixel included in the image data and also selecting *at least one related pixel* which satisfies the stored first condition and the stored second condition relative to the selected target pixel, as those conditions are now defined in the claims.

To further clarify the differences between the claimed invention and the prior art, the independent claims are now further amended to state that the target pixel and the at least one related pixel are selected based on different conditions. In other words, the selector selects the target pixel included in the image data irrespective of

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the first condition. In Huang, according to the Examiner's interpretation, both the

target pixels and the related pixels are selected based on the same conditions.

Accordingly, even under the Examiner's interpretation, Huang does not teach

or suggest the claimed invention.

Accordingly, claim 1 is now patentable over Huang. Claims 2, 6, 7, 8, 12, and

22 – 24 are patentable at least for the same reasons.

With regard to claims 3, 4, 9 and 10, Bloomberg and Kanno do not overcome

the deficiencies set forth above with respect to *Huang*.

Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests the Examiner to reconsider and

withdraw the rejections of claims 1 - 3, 5 - 9, 11, 12 and 22-24 in view of the

foregoing amendments and remarks.

In the event that there are any questions concerning this response, or the

application in general, the Examiner is respectfully urged to telephone the

undersigned attorney so that prosecution of the application may be expedited.

Respectfully submitted,

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